Ashoka WhiteOak Emerging Markets Trust PLC

WHITEOAK

www.awemtrust.com

Investment Objective

To achieve long-term capital appreciation, primarily through investing in equity and equity-related securities that provide exposure to global emerging markets.

Summary of Investment Policy

The Company shall invest primarily in securities admitted to trading on any stock exchange (which may include stock exchanges in Developed Markets) that provide exposure to companies that are domiciled in Global Emerging Markets (EMs), or that are domiciled in Developed Markets but at the time of investment, derive a majority of their economic value, revenues or profits from, or whose assets or cost base are mainly located in EMs.

| Company Details | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Ticker | AWEM | | | |
| ISIN | GB00BMZR7D19 | | | |
| SEDOL | BMZR7D1 | | | |
| Listing | LSE Main Market (Premium Segment) | | | |
| Reference Benchmark | MSCI Emerging Markets NR £, Bloomberg ticker: MGEF Index | | | |
| Opening NAV | 98.26p | | | |
| NAV ¹ | 102.29p | | | |
| Share Price ¹ | 102.00p | | | |
| (Discount)/Premium | -0.28% | | | |
| Number of Investments | 152 | | | |
| Total Net Assets ¹ | £32.92 million | | | |
| Active Share | 70.0% | | | |
| Launch Date | 3 May 2023 | | | |
| Gearing | 0% | | | |
| Dividend | 0% | | | |
| Discount Control | Annual redemption facility at or close to NAV (December year end) | | | |
| Investment Manager | AIFM (Acorn Asset Management Ltd) | | | |
| Investment Adviser | White Oak Capital Partners Pte. Ltd. (Singapore) | | | |
| Corporate Broker | Ellora Partners | | | |
| Firmwide AUM ¹ | £5.3 billion | | | |
| Fees and Charges | | | | |
| Management Fees | 0% | | | |
| Performance Fees | 30% of outperformance over the benchmark index (MSCI Emerging Markets NR £, Bloomberg ticker: MGEF Index) over a 3 year period, fee capped at 12%, 100% of fees received in shares, with 50% subject to lock up arrangements | | | |

Ashoka WhiteOak Emerging Markets Trust plc (AWEM) is a UK investment trust seeking to achieve long-term capital appreciation primarily through investing in a multi-cap portfolio of equities that provide exposure to global emerging markets

Advised by White Oak Capital Partners Pte. Ltd, founded by Prashant Khemka with leading Emerging Markets investment experience

White Oak Capital Group has delivered an exceptional track record for Ashoka India Equity Investment Trust plc as well as other strategies and has £5.3 billion in assets under management or advisory¹.

Analytical approach integral to disciplined research process underpinned by proprietary frameworks - OpcoFinco™ for valuation and ABLEx™ for ESG research²

Emerging markets present potential for higher alpha. EMs remain underresearched and inefficient. AWEM leverages WhiteOak's investment approach to capture the higher alpha potential in these markets

No fixed management fee. Manager remuneration is aligned with alpha generation and hence shareholders' interest. The Investment Adviser is remunerated solely as a function of outperformance over the benchmark.

Performance since launch (GBp)



| Top 10 holdings (as at Jan 31, 2024) | Country | % of NAV |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------|
| 1. TSMC | Taiwan | 5.7 |
| 2. Samsung Electronics | Korea | 5.1 |
| 3. Hong Kong Exchanges | China/HK | 2.2 |
| 4. Naspers | South Africa | 2.2 |
| 5. Hermes Intl | France | 2.1 |
| 6. DOMS Industries | India | 1.9 |
| 7. Innova Captab | India | 1.7 |
| 8. Prosus NV | Netherlands | 1.6 |
| 9. CIE Fin. Richemont | Switzerland | 1.6 |
| 10. Alibaba Group Holding | China/HK | 1.6 |
| Total | | 25.7% |

¹ Data as at 31st Jan 2024. AUM data refers to aggregate assets under management or investment advisory for White Oak Group.

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² ABLEx: Assessment of Business Longevity and Excellence; More details on OpCo Finco framework and ABLEx framework on Page 2 Holdings and/or allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments. Future investments may or may not be profitable.





Exhibit 1: Key Contributors and Detractors

| 31 Dec 2023 – 31 Jan 2024 Key Contributors | Ending Weight (%) | Total Return (%) | Contribution to Return (bps) | 31 Dec 2023 – 31 Jan 2024 Key Detractors | Ending Weight (%) | Total Return (%) | Contribution to Return (bps) |
|---|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| DOMS Industries | 1.9 | +12.6 | +46 | Hong Kong Exchanges | 2.2 | -11.7 | -28 |
| ASML Holding | 1.5 | +15.3 | +20 | Cowell e Holdings Inc. | 0.4 | -30.6 | -18 |
| CIE Financière Richemont SA | 1.6 | +9.5 | +14 | ORION CORP. | 0.0 | -23.6 | -17 |
| ASM International | 1.5 | +8.1 | +12 | Raia Drogasil S.A. | 0.9 | -15.3 | -16 |
| Disco Corporation | 1.1 | +11.5 | +12 | Yum China Holdings, Inc. | 0.8 | -18.4 | -18 |

Source: Factset. Past performance does not predict future returns. The performance calculation is based on GBP. Currency fluctuations will also affect the value of an investment

Holdings and/or allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments

Performance Review

The key contributors for January 2024 include DOMS Industries (+12.6%, among the largest stationery companies in India), CIE Financière Richemont (+9.5%, a Switzerland-based luxury goods company) and Disco Corp (+11.5%, manufacturer of capital equipment for the semiconductor industry), whereas Hong Kong Exchanges (-11.7%, world's leading stock and commodity exchange), Cowell e Holdings (-30.6%, a leading camera module supplier for smart devices) and Raia Drogasil (-15.3%, Brazil's leading pharmacy chain) were the key detractors.

Market Review

In January 2024, the MSCI EM index was down 4.5%. It underperformed other global indices like US equities (S&P 500) and MSCI World, which were up 2.0% and 1.6%, respectively.

For the month, Energy and Utilities outperformed, while Consumer Discretionary and Materials underperformed. Large caps outperformed mid and small caps this month. Among major EM markets, India and Taiwan outperformed, while China and South Korea underperformed.

Exhibit 2: Opco Finco[™] framework

Our investment philosophy is that outsized returns are earned over time by investing in great businesses at attractive valuations. A great business is one that generates superior returns on capital, is scalable, and is well-managed both in terms of execution and governance.

The team strives to buy these businesses when they are available at a substantial discount to their intrinsic value. We do not look at the commonly used accounting-based metrics like P/E or EV to EBITDA, as they can be distorted and misleading. Instead, we rely on DCF and excess ROIC multiple derived from our proprietary OpcoFincoTM framework.

The OpcoFincoTM framework is an adapted version of the DCF that is aligned with our investment philosophy. The framework assesses the economic cash flows generated by the business in excess of the cost of capital. This approach dissects the value of any company between two components:

- Value of the invested capital in the business
- Value of the excess returns on invested capital

Such distinction into components of value is very insightful in understanding the sources of value in a business. Crucially, the excess ROIC multiples are useful in comparing businesses within a sector, as well as across sectors in an apples-to-apples comparison rather than an apples-to-oranges comparison as provided by P/E or EV/EBITDA multiples.

Exhibit 3: ABLEx[™] framework

We use our proprietary ESG risk assessment framework ABLExTM (Assessment of Business Longevity and Excellence) to assess companies on their ESG practices. The framework contains a sector-specific list of ESG risk and opportunities against which a company's practices, policies and disclosures are assessed. The results from our ESG analysis are used in our valuation assumptions.

The ABLEx score, which is a reflection of the ESG practices of a company, is used as an input into the terminal value ascribed to terminal year cashflows of a company along with other fundamental factors (such as superior return on capital, scalability, quality of management teams) driving the terminal multiple. All else equal, a company with a higher ESG score would be awarded a relatively higher terminal multiple. This is a subjective exercise that the team does and there is no set numerical formula or weight assigned to each of the factors.

Further details of White Oak ESG integration can be found at ESG - Ashoka WhiteOak Emerging Markets Investment Trust Plc (awemtrust.com)

The above two exhibits are for illustrative purposes only; Source: WhiteOak

For more details on our portfolio construction process, please refer to the previous Factsheets in the 'Factsheet Documents' section of the website:





Exhibit 4: Market Cap Composition



As at Jan 2024; Source: Bloomberg. Allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments. Future investments may or may not be profitable. Market cap classification as per MSCI.

Exhibit 5: Regional Composition



As at Jan 2024; Source: Bloomberg. The numbers inside the bars denote the number of companies in each classification. Allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments. Future investments may or may not be profitable.

Exhibit 6: Sector Composition



As at Jan 2024; Source: Factset, Bloomberg. The numbers inside the bars denote the number of companies in each classification. Allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments. Future investments may or may not be profitable.

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Exhibit 7: Portfolio Composition: SOE vs Non SOE weights

| | | Within the MSCI Country Index | | Index Composition | | AWEM | | Active Exposure | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------|------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| | Weight in MSCI Index | SOE weight | Non SOE weight | SOE | Non-SOE | SOE | Non-SOE | SOE | Non-SOE |
| China + HK | 25% | 31% | 69% | 8% | 17% | 2% | 15% | -6% | -2% |
| India | 18% | 9% | 91% | 2% | 16% | 1% | 25% | 0% | 9% |
| Indonesia | 2% | 50% | 50% | 1% | 1% | 0% | 2% | -1% | 1% |
| Korea | 12% | 3% | 97% | 0% | 12% | 0% | 9% | 0% | -3% |
| Malaysia | 1% | 51% | 49% | 1% | 1% | 0% | 1% | -1% | 0% |
| Philippines | 1% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 1% | 0% | 0% | 0% | -1% |
| Taiwan | 16% | 6% | 94% | 1% | 15% | 0% | 11% | -1% | -5% |
| Others (Thailand) | 2% | 37% | 63% | 1% | 1% | 0% | 0% | -1% | -1% |
| Asia | 77% | 17% | 83% | 13% | 64% | 3% | 64% | -10% | 0% |
| South Africa | 3% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 3% | 0% | 2% | 0% | -1% |
| Poland | 1% | 61% | 39% | 1% | 0% | 0% | 3% | -1% | 2% |
| Others ¹ | 2% | 11% | 89% | 0% | 2% | 0% | 1% | 0% | -1% |
| Europe & Africa | 6% | 14% | 86% | 1% | 5% | 0% | 6% | -1% | 1% |
| Brazil | 6% | 32% | 68% | 2% | 4% | 0% | 2% | -2% | -2% |
| Peru | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Mexico | 3% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 3% | 0% | 3% | 0% | 1% |
| Others ² | 1% | 14% | 86% | 0% | 1% | 0% | 3% | 0% | 2% |
| LATAM | 9% | 20% | 80% | 2% | 8% | 0% | 9% | -2% | 1% |
| Kuwait | 1% | 98% | 2% | 1% | 0% | 0% | 0% | -1% | 0% |
| Qatar | 1% | 69% | 31% | 1% | 0% | 0% | 0% | -1% | 0% |
| Saudi Arabia | 4% | 54% | 46% | 2% | 2% | 0% | 0% | -2% | -2% |
| UAE | 1% | 91% | 9% | 1% | 0% | 0% | 0% | -1% | 0% |
| Middle East | 7% | 67% | 33% | 5% | 2% | 0% | 0% | -5% | -2% |
| Developed Markets | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 19% | 0% | 19% |
| Total | 100% | 0% | 0% | 21% | 79% | 3% | 97% | -18%* | 18%* |

As at Jan 2024; Source: Bloomberg. Allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments. Future investments may or may not be profitable.

SOE: State Owned Entities; 1 includes Czech Republic, Egypt, Greece, Hungary, Romania, Turkey; 2 includes Colombia, Chile; * Cash and MSCI EM futures included in non-SOEs

Exhibit 8: Portfolio Composition: Country Weights

| Weight (%) | Weight in | By Country of Listing/Incorporation | | By Country of Economic Exposure ¹ | |
|---|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|---------------|
| Region/Country | MSCI EM Index | AWEM | Active weight | AWEM | Active weight |
| Asia | 77.1 | 66.5 | -10.6 | 80.4 | 3.2 |
| China + HK | 24.8 | 16.6 | -8.2 | 25.3 | 0.5 |
| India | 18.0 | 26.6 | 8.6 | 26.9 | 9.0 |
| Taiwan | 16.4 | 10.8 | -5.7 | 14.9 | -1.6 |
| South Korea | 12.2 | 9.2 | -3.0 | 9.2 | -3.0 |
| Indonesia | 1.9 | 2.4 | 0.5 | 2.4 | 0.5 |
| Thailand | 1.7 | 0.0 | -1.7 | 0.0 | -1.7 |
| Malaysia | 1.4 | 0.9 | -0.5 | 0.9 | -0.5 |
| Others | 0.7 | 0.0 | -0.7 | 0.8 | 0.1 |
| Europe and Africa | 5.7 | 5.7 | -0.1 | 6.6 | 0.9 |
| Poland | 1.0 | 2.8 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 2.1 |
| South Africa | 2.9 | 2.2 | -0.8 | 2.2 | -0.8 |
| Others | 1.8 | 0.7 | -1.2 | 1.4 | -0.5 |
| Middle East | 7.4 | 0.0 | -7.4 | 0.0 | -7.4 |
| Saudi Arabia | 4.3 | 0.0 | -4.3 | 0.0 | -4.3 |
| UAE | 1.3 | 0.0 | -1.3 | 0.0 | -1.3 |
| Qatar | 0.9 | 0.0 | -0.9 | 0.0 | -0.9 |
| Kuwait | 0.8 | 0.0 | -0.8 | 0.0 | -0.8 |
| LATAM | 9.4 | 8.6 | -0.8 | 9.0 | -0.4 |
| Brazil | 5.7 | 2.2 | -3.5 | 2.2 | -3.5 |
| Mexico | 2.8 | 3.4 | 0.6 | 3.4 | 0.6 |
| Peru | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| Others | 0.6 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 2.5 |
| Developed Markets | 0.3 | 19.0 | 18.7 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| Netherlands (Prosus, ASM, ASML) | 0.0 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| France (Hermes, LVMH) | 0.0 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Japan (Disco) | 0.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Singapore (DBS Group, OCBC) | 0.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Others (Erste, Moncler, BBVA, CIE, Atlas, HSBC, IFX, EXL, JMT, HCC, LIF, LUN) | 0.3 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 |

As at Jan 2024; Source: WhiteOak, Bloomberg.

As at a largest, outcome, who could be a considered with a considered and may not be representative of future investments. The holdings and/or allocations shown may not represent all of the portfolio's investments. Future investments may or may not be profitable.





Exhibit 9: Portfolio Characteristics

| | AWEM | MSCI EM |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Number of Holdings | 152 | 1,440 |
| Weighted Avg Market Cap | \$ 90bn | \$ 109bn |
| CY23 ROE | 13.9% | 11.4% |
| CY24 P/E | 18.7x ³ | 11.8x ¹ |
| CY25 P/E | 16.7x ³ | 10.2x ¹ |
| CY24 OpcoFinco™ P/FCF | 20.8x ³ | 20.3x ² |
| CY25 OpcoFinco™ P/FCF | 18.2x ³ | 17.2x ² |
| Projected Revenue 3 year cagr | 15.2% ³ | 5.2% ¹ |
| Projected Earnings 3 year cagr | 14.3% ³ | 9.2%1 |

Source: WhiteOak, Bloomberg, Factset, MSCI

The scenarios presented are an estimate of future financial performance of the holdings based on evidence from current market conditions reflecting the nature and risk of the specified type of investment holdings and are not an exact indicator. Forecasts are not a reliable indicator of future performance.

 $^{^1}$ As per estimates from Bloomberg and Factset (Consensus) 2 As per WhiteOak and Consensus estimates, for top 500 companies in MSCI EM by weight

³ As per WhiteOak estimates

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Important Information

This document has been issued for information purposes only. It does not contain any advice, investment recommendations or any offer, invitation or inducement to invest in the Company. Investors should seek advice from an authorised financial adviser prior to making investment decisions. Capital may be at risk as the value of investments may go down as well as up and is not guaranteed; therefore investors may not get back the amount originally invested. Past performance is not a guide to future performance, nor a reliable indicator of future results or performance.

The cost of investment may increase or decrease as a result of currency and exchange rate fluctuations. Currency fluctuations will also affect the value of an investment. Investments in shares of smaller companies are generally considered to carry a higher degree of risk as the market for their shares may be less liquid than that for shares of larger companies, making shares of smaller companies more difficult to buy and sell.

The performance of shares of smaller companies may be more volatile than the shares of larger companies over short time periods; therefore investors should regard such investments as long term. There can be no guarantee that the investment objective of the Company will be achieved or provide the returns sought by the Company.

An investment in the Company is only suitable for investors who are capable of evaluating the merits and risks of such an investment and who have sufficient resources to be able to bear any losses which may arise from such an investment (which may be equal to the whole amount invested). Such an investment should be regarded as long term in nature and complementary to existing investments in a range of other financial assets and should not form a major part of an investment portfolio.

The Company is a public limited company and an investment trust, the shares of which are traded on the premium segment of the main market of the London Stock Exchange. Accordingly, the ability of shareholders to sell their shares will be dependent on the market price of the shares. The shares may trade at a discount or premium to their net asset value. The Company may borrow money in order to make further investments. This is known as gearing. The effect of gearing can enhance returns to shareholders in rising markets but will have the opposite effect on returns in falling markets.

Economic and market forecasts presented herein reflect a series of assumptions and judgments as of the date of this presentation and are subject to change without notice. Emerging markets securities may be less liquid and more volatile and are subject to a number of additional risks, including but not limited to currency fluctuations and political instability.

None of White Oak Capital Partners Pte. Ltd., Acorn Asset Management Ltd or the Company, nor any of their respective directors, partners, employees, agents or representatives, shall be liable for any damages whether direct or indirect, incidental, special or consequential including lost capital, lost revenue or lost profits that may arise from or in connection with the use of this information.

Views and opinions expressed are for informational purposes only and do not constitute a recommendation by WhiteOak to buy, sell, or hold any security. Views and opinions are current as of the date of this material and may be subject to change, they should not be construed as investment advice

This is an actively managed portfolio that is not designed to track its reference benchmark. Therefore, the performance of the portfolio and the performance of its reference benchmark may diverge. In addition, stated reference benchmark returns do not reflect any management or other charges to the portfolio, whereas stated returns of the portfolio do.

References to indices, benchmarks or other measures of relative market performance over a specified period of time are provided for your information only and do not imply that the portfolio will achieve similar results. The index composition may not reflect the manner in which the Company's portfolio is constructed.

The investment manager does not provide legal, tax or accounting advice to its clients. All investors are strongly urged to consult with their legal, tax, or accounting advisors regarding any potential transactions or investments. There is no assurance that the tax status or treatment of a proposed transaction or investment will continue in the future. Tax treatment or status may be changed by law or government action in the future or on a retreatment or status may be changed by law or government action in the future

Any reference to a specific company or security does not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell, hold or directly invest in the company or its securities. It should not be assumed that investment decisions made in the future will be profitable or will equal the performance of the securities discussed in this document.

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