Ashoka WhiteOak Emerging Markets Trust PLC

WHITEOAK

www.awemtrust.com

Investment Objective

To achieve long-term capital appreciation, primarily through investing in equity and equity-related securities that provide exposure to global emerging markets.

Summary of Investment Policy

The Company shall invest primarily in securities admitted to trading on any stock exchange (which may include stock exchanges in Developed Markets) that provide exposure to companies that are domiciled in Global Emerging Markets (EMs), or that are domiciled in Developed Markets but at the time of investment, derive a majority of their economic value, revenues or profits from, or whose assets or cost base are mainly located in EMs.

Company Details				
Ticker	AWEM			
ISIN	GB00BMZR7D19			
SEDOL	BMZR7D1			
Listing	LSE Main Market (Premium Segment)			
Reference Benchmark	MSCI Emerging Markets NR £, Bloomberg ticker: MGEF Index			
Opening NAV	98.26p			
NAV ¹	108.16p			
Share Price ¹	104.50p			
(Discount)/Premium	-3.4%			
Number of Investments	155			
Total Net Assets ¹	£34.81 million			
Active Share	70.0%			
Launch Date	3 May 2023			
Gearing	0%			
Dividend	0%			
Discount Control	Annual redemption facility at or close to NAV (December year end)			
Investment Manager	AIFM (Acorn Asset Management Ltd)			
Investment Adviser	White Oak Capital Partners Pte. Ltd. (Singapore)			
Corporate Broker	Ellora Partners			
Firmwide AUM ¹	£5.4 billion			
Fees and Charges				
Management Fees	0%			
Performance Fees	30% of outperformance over the benchmark index (MSCI Emerging Markets NR £, Bloomberg ticker: MGEF Index) over a 3 year period, fee capped at 12%, 100% of fees received in shares, with 50% subject to lock up arrangements			

Ashoka WhiteOak Emerging Markets Trust plc (AWEM) is a UK investment trust seeking to achieve long-term capital appreciation primarily through investing in a multi-cap portfolio of equities that provide exposure to global emerging markets

Advised by White Oak Capital Partners Pte. Ltd, founded by Prashant Khemka with leading Emerging Markets investment experience

White Oak Capital Group has delivered an exceptional track record for Ashoka India Equity Investment Trust plc as well as other strategies and has £5.4 billion in assets under management or advisory¹.

Analytical approach integral to disciplined research process underpinned by proprietary frameworks - OpcoFinco™ for valuation and ABLEx™ for ESG research²

Emerging markets present potential for higher alpha. EMs remain underresearched and inefficient. AWEM leverages WhiteOak's investment approach to capture the higher alpha potential in these markets

No fixed management fee. Manager remuneration is aligned with alpha generation and hence shareholders' interest. The Investment Adviser is remunerated solely as a function of outperformance over the benchmark.

Performance since launch (GBp)



Top 10 holdings (as at Feb 29, 2024)	Country	% of NAV	
1. TSMC	Taiwan	5.9	
2. Samsung Electronics	Korea	4.8	
3. Hermes Intl	France	2.3	
4. Rashi Peripherals	India	2.1	
5. Hong Kong Exchanges & Clearing	China/HK	2.1	
6. Naspers	South Africa	2.0	
7. DOMS Industries	India	1.9	
8. Innova Captab	India	1.6	
9. CIE Fin. Richemont	Switzerland	1.6	
10. LVMH Moet Hennessy	France	1.6	
Total		25.8%	

¹ Data as at 29th Feb 2024. AUM data refers to aggregate assets under management or investment advisory for White Oak Group.

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² ABLEx: Assessment of Business Longevity and Excellence; More details on OpCo Finco framework and ABLEx framework on Page 2 Holdings and/or allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments. Future investments may or may not be profitable.





Exhibit 1: Key Contributors and Detractors

31 Jan 2024 – 29 Feb 2024 Key Contributors	Ending Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Contribution to Return (bps)	31 Jan 2024 – 29 Feb 2024 Key Detractors	Ending Weight (%)	Total Return (%)	Contribution to Return (bps)
Hermes International	2.3	+18.7	+38	Warrior Met Coal	0.8	-9.7	-9
Rashi Peripherals	2.1	+10.7	+21	Cholamandalam Fin. Hold.	0.6	-9.8	-6
Yum China Holdings	1.0	+24.8	+20	Erste Group Bank	0.6	-7.6	-5
Disco Corporation	1.0	+17.5	+16	Five-Star Business Fin.	0.5	-6.3	-3
E Ink Holdings	1.0	+17.9	+16	Grupo Mexico S.A.B. de C.V.	0.8	-4.7	-4

Source: Factset. Past performance does not predict future returns. The performance calculation is based on GBP. Currency fluctuations will also affect the value of an investment.

Holdings and/or allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments

Performance Review

Significant contributors for the month of February 2024 include Hermes (+18.7%, a global leader in luxury brands with significant exposure to EM consumers), Rashi Peripherals (+10.7%, India's leading distributor of hardware products), and E Ink Holdings (+17.9%, a market leader in ePaper technology based out of Taiwan). Notable detractors include Warrior Met Coal (-9.7%, a US based supplier of coking coal to steel industry with more than 50% revenues from EMs), Erste Group (-7.6%, Austria based bank with significant exposure to CEE) and Grupo Mexico (-4.7%, owns 89% of Southern Copper with assets in Mexico and Peru).

Market Review

In February 2024, the MSCI EM index was up 5.5%. It underperformed other global indices like US equities (S&P 500), which was up 6.1%, but outperformed MSCI World, which was up 5.1%.

For the month, Consumer Discretionary and Information Technology outperformed, while Consumer Staples and Materials underperformed. Large caps outperformed mid and small caps this month. Among major EM markets, China and South Korea outperformed, while India and Brazil underperformed.

Exhibit 2: Opco Finco[™] framework

Our investment philosophy is that outsized returns are earned over time by investing in great businesses at attractive valuations. A great business is one that generates superior returns on capital, is scalable, and is well-managed both in terms of execution and governance.

The team strives to buy these businesses when they are available at a substantial discount to their intrinsic value. We do not look at the commonly used accounting-based metrics like P/E or EV to EBITDA, as they can be distorted and misleading. Instead, we rely on DCF and excess ROIC multiple derived from our proprietary OpcoFincoTM framework.

The OpcoFincoTM framework is an adapted version of the DCF that is aligned with our investment philosophy. The framework assesses the economic cash flows generated by the business in excess of the cost of capital. This approach dissects the value of any company between two components:

- Value of the invested capital in the business
- Value of the excess returns on invested capital

Such distinction into components of value is very insightful in understanding the sources of value in a business. Crucially, the excess ROIC multiples are useful in comparing businesses within a sector, as well as across sectors in an apples-to-apples comparison rather than an apples-to-oranges comparison as provided by P/E or EV/EBITDA multiples.

Exhibit 3: ABLEx[™] framework

We use our proprietary ESG risk assessment framework ABLExTM (Assessment of Business Longevity and Excellence) to assess companies on their ESG practices. The framework contains a sector-specific list of ESG risk and opportunities against which a company's practices, policies and disclosures are assessed. The results from our ESG analysis are used in our valuation assumptions.

The ABLEx score, which is a reflection of the ESG practices of a company, is used as an input into the terminal value ascribed to terminal year cashflows of a company along with other fundamental factors (such as superior return on capital, scalability, quality of management teams) driving the terminal multiple. All else equal, a company with a higher ESG score would be awarded a relatively higher terminal multiple. This is a subjective exercise that the team does and there is no set numerical formula or weight assigned to each of the factors.

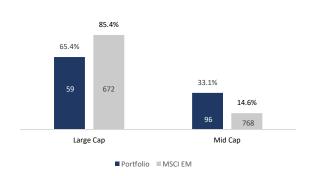
Further details of White Oak ESG integration can be found at ESG – Ashoka WhiteOak Emerging Markets Investment Trust Plc (awemtrust.com)
The above two exhibits are for illustrative purposes only; Source: WhiteOak

For more details on our portfolio construction process, please refer to the previous Factsheets in the 'Factsheet Documents' section of the website: Link



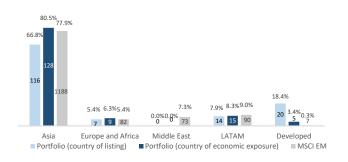


Exhibit 4: Market Cap Composition



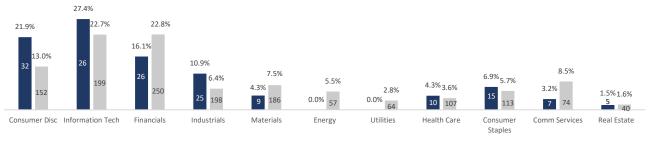
As at Feb 2024; Source: Bloomberg. Allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments. Future investments may or may not be profitable. Market cap classification as per MSCI.

Exhibit 5: Regional Composition



As at Feb 2024; Source: Bloomberg. The numbers inside the bars denote the number of companies in each classification. Allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments. Future investments may or may not be profitable.

Exhibit 6: Sector Composition



■ Portfolio ■ MSCI EM

As at Feb 2024; Source: Factset, Bloomberg. The numbers inside the bars denote the number of companies in each classification. Allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments. Future investments may or may not be profitable.

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Exhibit 7: Portfolio Composition: SOE vs Non SOE weights

		Within the MSCI Country Index		Index Composition		AWEM		Active I	Active Exposure	
	Weight in MSCI Index	SOE weight	Non SOE weight	SOE	Non-SOE	SOE	Non-SOE	SOE	Non-SOE	
China + HK	26%	31%	69%	8%	18%	2%	14%	-6%	-4%	
India	18%	11%	89%	2%	16%	1%	26%	-1%	11%	
Indonesia	2%	50%	50%	1%	1%	0%	2%	-1%	1%	
Korea	13%	3%	97%	0%	12%	0%	9%	0%	-3%	
Malaysia	1%	50%	50%	1%	1%	0%	1%	-1%	0%	
Philippines	1%	0%	100%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	-1%	
Taiwan	17%	6%	94%	1%	16%	0%	11%	-1%	-4%	
Others (Thailand)	2%	38%	62%	1%	1%	0%	0%	-1%	-1%	
Asia	78%	17%	83%	13%	65%	3%	64%	-10%	-1%	
South Africa	3%	0%	100%	0%	3%	0%	2%	0%	-1%	
Poland	1%	61%	39%	1%	0%	0%	3%	-1%	2%	
Others1	2%	10%	90%	0%	2%	0%	1%	0%	-1%	
Europe & Africa	5%	15%	85%	1%	5%	0%	5%	-1%	1%	
Brazil	5%	32%	68%	2%	4%	0%	2%	-2%	-2%	
Peru	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Mexico	3%	0%	100%	0%	3%	0%	3%	0%	1%	
Others ²	1%	14%	86%	0%	1%	0%	2%	0%	1%	
LATAM	9%	20%	80%	2%	7%	0%	8%	-2%	1%	
Kuwait	1%	98%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	-1%	0%	
Qatar	1%	69%	31%	1%	0%	0%	0%	-1%	0%	
Saudi Arabia	4%	53%	47%	2%	2%	0%	0%	-2%	-2%	
UAE	1%	91%	9%	1%	0%	0%	0%	-1%	0%	
Middle East	7%	66%	34%	5%	2%	0%	0%	-5%	-2%	
Developed Markets	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	18%	0%	18%	
Total	100%	0%	0%	21%	79%	3%	97%	-18%*	18%*	

As at Feb 2024; Source: Bloomberg. Allocations shown above are as of the date indicated and may not be representative of future investments. They may not represent all of the portfolio's investments. Future investments may or may not be profitable.

SOE: State Owned Entities; 1 includes Czech Republic, Egypt, Greece, Hungary, Romania, Turkey; 2 includes Colombia, Chile; * Cash and MSCI EM futures included in non-SOEs

Exhibit 8: Portfolio Composition: Country Weights

Weight (%)	Weight in	By Country of Listing/Incorporation		By Country of Economic Exposure ¹		
Region/Country	MSCI EM Index	AWEM	Active weight	AWEM	Active weight	
Asia	77.9	66.8	-11.1	80.5	2.6	
China + HK	25.7	15.7	-10.0	24.4	-1.2	
India	17.6	27.6	10.0	27.9	10.3	
Taiwan	16.6	11.2	-5.3	15.2	-1.4	
South Korea	12.5	9.1	-3.5	9.1	-3.5	
Indonesia	1.9	2.3	0.4	2.3	0.4	
Thailand	1.6	0.0	-1.6	0.0	-1.6	
Malaysia	1.4	0.8	-0.5	0.8	-0.5	
Others	0.7	0.0	-0.7	0.7	0.0	
Europe and Africa	5.4	5.4	0.0	6.3	0.9	
Poland	1.0	2.8	1.8	3.0	2.1	
South Africa	2.6	2.0	-0.7	2.0	-0.7	
Others	1.8	0.7	-1.1	1.3	-0.5	
Middle East	7.3	0.0	-7.3	0.0	-7.3	
Saudi Arabia	4.4	0.0	-4.4	0.0	-4.4	
UAE	1.2	0.0	-1.2	0.0	-1.2	
Qatar	0.9	0.0	-0.9	0.0	-0.9	
Kuwait	0.8	0.0	-0.8	0.0	-0.8	
LATAM	9.0	7.9	-1.1	8.3	-0.7	
Brazil	5.5	2.1	-3.4	2.1	-3.4	
Mexico	2.6	3.5	0.9	3.5	0.9	
Peru	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0	
Others	0.6	2.0	1.4	2.4	1.8	
Developed Markets	0.3	18.4	18.1	3.4	3.1	
Netherlands (<i>Prosus, ASM, ASML</i>)	0.0	4.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	
France (Hermes, LVMH)	0.0	3.9	3.9	0.0	0.0	
Japan (Disco)	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	
Singapore (DBS Group, OCBC)	0.0	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	
Others (Erste, Moncler, BBVA, CIE, Atlas, HSBC, IFX, EXL, JMT, HCC, LIF, LUN)	0.3	7.2	6.9	1.6	1.3	

As at Feb 2024; Source: WhiteOak, Bloomberg.

¹³ out to 2024, Journal of Miles and Journal of States and Journal



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Exhibit 9: Portfolio Characteristics

	AWEM	MSCI EM
Number of Holdings	155	1,440
Weighted Avg Market Cap	\$ 95bn	\$ 115bn
CY23 ROE	13.9%	11.3%
CY24 P/E	20.4x ³	12.5x ¹
CY25 P/E	18.2x ³	10.8x ¹
CY24 OpcoFinco™ P/FCF	23.3x ³	20.5x ²
CY25 OpcoFinco™ P/FCF	20.3x ³	18.1x ²
Projected Revenue 3 year cagr	15.1%³	3.3% ¹
Projected Earnings 3 year cagr	14.5%³	$9.8\%^1$

Source: WhiteOak, Bloomberg, Factset, MSCI

The scenarios presented are an estimate of future financial performance of the holdings based on evidence from current market conditions reflecting the nature and risk of the specified type of investment holdings and are not an exact indicator. Forecasts are not a reliable indicator of future performance.

 $^{^1}$ As per estimates from Bloomberg and Factset (Consensus) 2 As per WhiteOak and Consensus estimates, for top 500 companies in MSCI EM by weight

³ As per WhiteOak estimates

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Important Information

This document has been issued for information purposes only. It does not contain any advice, investment recommendations or any offer, invitation or inducement to invest in the Company. Investors should seek advice from an authorised financial adviser prior to making investment decisions. Capital may be at risk as the value of investments may go down as well as up and is not guaranteed; therefore investors may not get back the amount originally invested. Past performance is not a guide to future performance, nor a reliable indicator of future results or performance.

The cost of investment may increase or decrease as a result of currency and exchange rate fluctuations. Currency fluctuations will also affect the value of an investment. Investments in shares of smaller companies are generally considered to carry a higher degree of risk as the market for their shares may be less liquid than that for shares of larger companies, making shares of smaller companies more difficult to buy and sell.

The performance of shares of smaller companies may be more volatile than the shares of larger companies over short time periods; therefore investors should regard such investments as long term. There can be no guarantee that the investment objective of the Company will be achieved or provide the returns sought by the Company.

An investment in the Company is only suitable for investors who are capable of evaluating the merits and risks of such an investment and who have sufficient resources to be able to bear any losses which may arise from such an investment (which may be equal to the whole amount invested). Such an investment should be regarded as long term in nature and complementary to existing investments in a range of other financial assets and should not form a major part of an investment portfolio.

The Company is a public limited company and an investment trust, the shares of which are traded on the premium segment of the main market of the London Stock Exchange. Accordingly, the ability of shareholders to sell their shares will be dependent on the market price of the shares. The shares may trade at a discount or premium to their net asset value. The Company may borrow money in order to make further investments. This is known as gearing. The effect of gearing can enhance returns to shareholders in rising markets but will have the opposite effect on returns in falling markets

Economic and market forecasts presented herein reflect a series of assumptions and judgments as of the date of this presentation and are subject to change without notice. Emerging markets securities may be less liquid and more volatile and are subject to a number of additional risks, including but not limited to currency fluctuations and political instability.

None of White Oak Capital Partners Pte. Ltd., Acorn Asset Management Ltd or the Company, nor any of their respective directors, partners, employees, agents or representatives, shall be liable for any damages whether direct or indirect, incidental, special or consequential including lost capital, lost revenue or lost profits that may arise from or in connection with the use of this information.

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This is an actively managed portfolio that is not designed to track its reference benchmark. Therefore, the performance of the portfolio and the performance of its reference benchmark may diverge. In addition, stated reference benchmark returns do not reflect any management or other charges to the portfolio, whereas stated returns of the portfolio do.

References to indices, benchmarks or other measures of relative market performance over a specified period of time are provided for your information only and do not imply that the portfolio will achieve similar results. The index composition may not reflect the manner in which the Company's portfolio is constructed.

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Any reference to a specific company or security does not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell, hold or directly invest in the company or its securities. It should not be assumed that investment decisions made in the future will be profitable or will equal the performance of the securities discussed in this document.

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